# Android Workshop Handout

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## Working with the emulator

The **Emulator Control** can simulate sending phone calls and SMS messages, changing network transfer rates, and changing the location of the device. To display, select **Window**  $\rightarrow$  **Show view**  $\rightarrow$  **Other..., Android**  $\rightarrow$  **Emulator Control**. The control is also visible in the DDMS Perspective: **Window**  $\rightarrow$  **Open Perspective**  $\rightarrow$  **Other...**  $\rightarrow$  select **DDMS** option.

You may also use the command-line interface.

At the command line: telnet localhost 5554

### Commands:

gsm call 123 Pla gsm cancel 123 Ha	ace incoming call ing up on "123"					
sms send 123 How an	re you? Send an SMS					
network speed edgeSimulate Edge transfer ratesnetwork speed fullFull transfer speed						

🕎 Emulator Control 🛛	
Telephony Status Voice: home  Voice: home  Latency: None  Vone  Vo	
Telephony Actions Incoming number: 123   Voice  SMS Message:	
Call Hang Up Location Controls Manual GPX KML	
Decimal     Sexagesimal     Longitude -122.084095     Latitude 37.422006     Send	

### More info on emulator command-line options:

http://developer.android.com/guide/developing/devices/emulator.html

## Install .apk file on Android device using adb

After you have created an Android app, you can deploy it to your Android device.

- 1. For Windows, download the Android USB drivers from http://developer.android.com/sdk/win-usb.html
- 2. Connect your Android device to your computer using the USB cable.
- 3. Allow your device to install non-Market apps: Settings  $\rightarrow$  Applications  $\rightarrow$  check Unknown sources
- 4. At the command-line: adb install path/file.apk

## Install .apk file on Android device using the Web

- 1. Place the .apk file on the Web.
- 2. Allow your device to install non-Market apps: **Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **Applications**  $\rightarrow$  check **Unknown** sources
- 3. Enable USB debugging: Settings → Applications → Development → check USB debugging
- 4. Using the Android web browser, access the URL of the .apk file, and your device will prompt you to install the app.

## Viewing the LogCat

To view output statements like the one below, you need to bring up the LogCat window.

System.out.println("THIS IS A TEST!");



This work is licensed under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported License</u> To view the LogCat, select **Window**  $\rightarrow$  Show view  $\rightarrow$  Other..., Android  $\rightarrow$  LogCat. Now you'll see the LogCat filled with many different messages, including the one you just output to stdout:

🚼 Probl	ems 🚇 Javadoc 🚯	Decla	aration [	🗐 Console 🔲 Prop	erties 👭 Servers 🔍 LogCat 🛛 🛛 🛞 🛈 🛈 🛞 토   🕇 🖉 —   🖳 🎽	- 8
Log ContactManager						
Time			pid	tag	Message	*
01-1	2 14:24:13.189	W	1721	System.err	Can't dispatch DDM chunk 46454154: no handler defined	
01-1	2 14:24:13.189	W	1721	System.err	Can't dispatch DDM chunk 4d505251: no handler defined	
01-1	2 14:24:13.500	I	1721	System.out	THIS IS A TEST!	
01-1	2 14:24:13.800	I	564	ActivityM	Displayed activity com.example.helloandroid/.HelloAnd	
01-1	2 14:24:18.959	D	1582	dalvikvm	GC freed 2424 objects / 187496 bytes in 122ms	-
Filter:						

Because there are so many messages, you may want to filter out only those to stdout, so you'll need to create a filter that shows only messages tagged with "System.out". Press the green + which will display the Log Filter dialog box displayed on the right. Enter "stdout" for the filter name and "System.out" for the Log Tag.

Now you will have a tab in LogCat called "stdout" which will only contain messages sent to stdout.

Log Filter	<b>X</b>
Filter Name:	stdout
by Log Tag: by pid: by Log level:	System.out
	OK Cancel

## **Logging Messages**

Android provides a built-in logging facility (android.util.Log) which allows for fine-grained logging and filtering. Use the same log tag for each of your messages:

private static final String LOG\_TAG = "Log\_HelloAndroid";

To log a message:

int x = 2; Log.v(LOG\_TAG, "x is " + x);

There are various types of messages you may want to log:

v = verbose d = debug i = information w = warning e = error

Create a log filter for "Log\_HelloAndroid" to see only messages in LogCat that are from this application.



This example application launches a second activity, passing it the value of the mHelloCount variable. The second activity sends back a boolean value indicating if the checkbox was clicked or not. The value of mHelloCount is also maintained when the app's layout is changed from perspective to landscape.

### HelloAndroid.java

```
package com.example.helloandroid;
import android.app.Activity;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.Toast;
public class HelloAndroid extends Activity {
   private int mHelloCount = 0;
    /** Called when the activity is first created. */
   @Override
   public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.main);
        final EditText edittext = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.name);
        final Button button = (Button) findViewById(R.id.hello_button);
        button.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            public void onClick(View v) {
               mHelloCount++;
               Toast.makeText(HelloAndroid.this, "Hello, " + edittext.getText() +
                      " (" + mHelloCount + ") ",
                      Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
               // Send the value of mHelloCount to the SecondActivity
               Intent myIntent = new Intent(HelloAndroid.this, SecondActivity.class);
               myIntent.putExtra("mHelloCount", mHelloCount);
               // Get ActivityNotFoundException if activity isn't registered in AndroidManifest.xml
               startActivityForResult(myIntent, 0);
            }
        });
    }
    @Override
   protected void onActivityResult(int requestCode, int resultCode, Intent data) {
        if (requestCode == 0) {
           if (resultCode == RESULT_OK) {
               // Get the value returned by the SecondActivity
               boolean ret = (boolean) data.getBooleanExtra("is_checked", false);
               Toast.makeText(HelloAndroid.this, "Value returned: " + ret,
                      Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
            }
        }
    }
   @Override
   protected void onRestoreInstanceState(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
       super.onRestoreInstanceState(savedInstanceState);
       mHelloCount = savedInstanceState.getInt("mHelloCount");
   }
   @Override
   protected void onSaveInstanceState(Bundle outState) {
       super.onSaveInstanceState(outState);
       outState.putInt("mHelloCount", mHelloCount);
   }
}
```



### SecondActivity.java

```
package com.example.helloandroid;
import android.app.Activity;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.CheckBox;
import android.widget.Toast;
public class SecondActivity extends Activity {
   00verride
   public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.second);
        final CheckBox checkbox = (CheckBox) findViewById(R.id.my_check_box);
        final Button button = (Button) findViewById(R.id.my_button);
        button.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            public void onClick(View v) {
               // Send back to the HelloAndroid activity the checkbox status
               Intent data = new Intent();
               data.putExtra("is_checked", checkbox.isChecked());
               setResult(RESULT_OK, data);
               finish();
            }
        });
        // Get the hello count sent from HelloAndroid
        Intent sourceIntent = getIntent();
       int helloCount = sourceIntent.getIntExtra("mHelloCount", -1);
       Toast.makeText(this, "Hello count: " + helloCount,
               Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
    }
}
```

### AndroidManifest.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
     package="com.example.helloandroid"
      android:versionCode="1"
      android:versionName="1.0">
    <application android:icon="@drawable/icon" android:label="@string/app_name">
        <activity android:name=".HelloAndroid"
                  android:label="@string/app_name">
            <intent-filter>
                <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
                <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
            </intent-filter>
        </activity>
       <!-- Added activity -->
        <activity android:name=".SecondActivity"</pre>
                  android:label="Second Activity" />
    </application>
</manifest>
```



### res/layout/main.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:orientation="vertical"
    android:layout_width="fill_parent"
    android:layout_height="fill_parent" >
    <EditText
        android:id="@+id/name"
        android:layout_width="fill_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:id="@+id/hello_button"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_width="wrap_co
```

</LinearLayout>

### res/layout/second.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:orientation="vertical"
    android:layout_width="fill_parent"
    android:layout_height="fill_parent" >
    <CheckBox android:text="Checked?"
        android:id="@+id/my_check_box"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
    <Button
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        andr
```

</LinearLayout>

#### values/strings.xml

