American National Government

Fill in the Blanks Practice for the Final

According to Article V, it takes \_\_\_/\_\_\_ (this is a fraction) of each house of Congress to propose an amendment and \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_(this is a fraction) of the state legislatures to ratify an amendment.

The Necessary and Proper Clause, which deals with Congressional powers is in Article \_\_\_\_\_\_, Section \_\_\_\_\_.

The Guarantee Clause in Article \_\_\_\_\_\_, Section \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ guarantees you a Republican form of government.

The Commerce Clause, in Article One, Section 8, allows Congress to regulate \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ among the several States.

The first ten amendments are known as:

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(what number?) amendment:**

 Reserved powers (Powers held back from the federal government and kept for the states or the people.)

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(what number?) amendment:**

 Right to bear arms

**The 14th amendment contains two essential guarantees. They are**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ process

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ protection

What are the three types of Law which we discussed in class?

1

2

3

The Judicial Branch: Article \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The Executive Branch: Article\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The Legislative Branch: Article \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The Supremacy Clause is in Article \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_vs.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1803)

• "It is emphatically the province and duty of the judicial department to say what the law is. Those who apply the rule to particular cases, must of necessity expound and interpret that rule. If two laws conflict with each other, the courts must decide on the operation of each." — Chief Justice John Marshall

• The Birthright of Judicial Review

• Midnight appointments

• Give a little, get a lot!

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_vs.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1819)

• The Second National Bank and the state of Maryland

 Two elements:

• The Supremacy Clause

 (Judicial Review of STATE activities)

• the “Necessary and Proper” clause

 (A handy-dandy expansion of federal powers)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_vs.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1857)

• First invalidation of a Federal Statute since Judicial Review is established

• The Missouri Compromise of 1820 is unconstitutional; Congress cannot end slavery in the territories

• Oh by the way, slaves aren’t people, I mean citizens

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_vs.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(1824)

• Steamships on the Great Lakes

• Established that the power to regulate interstate commerce was an exclusive national power

• Forbade states from enacting any legislation that would interfere with Congress's right to regulate commerce among the separate states.

•Name the **four constitutional principles** we discussed in class:

1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(1 point bonus- with two chambers: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_)

 2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 4) with a

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Name the Supreme Court Justices:

1.
2.

1.

1.
2. (he’s the chief)

1. too,

1. That’s our crew!

What group begins their work each year on the first Monday in October?

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Why you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ like you do (or if you even \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at all) is affected by, among other things, family practices, education levels, religion, and demographics. The impact of these characteristics is known as political socialization. (The same word goes in both blanks.)

In America, to select their candidates, the political \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hold primary elections or gather in person for caucuses in the Spring. Then those candidates selected in the Spring go on to compete against each other in the general election in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(what month?).

In \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ vs\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1954), Chief Justice Earl Warren wrote: "We conclude that the doctrine of separate but equal has no place. Separate educational facilities are inherently \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_."

In Griswold vs. Connecticut (1965), Justice Douglas established precedent for a “right to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” because “the 1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th, and 9th amendments create a *penumbra* formed by emanations from those guarantees that give them life and substance.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_v\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1896), was the case which upheld the 1890 Louisiana statute called the "Separate Car Act", which stated "that all railway companies carrying passengers in their coaches in this state, shall provide equal but separate accommodations for the white, and colored races…

**ON THE FINAL YOU NEED TO DO BOTH!** The First Amendment provides for:

(NOTE- This is in amendment order, NOT SPRAP order.)

 Freedom of **Religion**, which includes

 The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Clause and

 The Free Exercise Clause

 Freedom of **Expression** which includes

 Freedom of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and

 Freedom of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The Right to Peaceably \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and

The Right to Petition your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Redress of Grievances

•**The** **1st amendment contains Five Freedoms that can be remembered by the acronym SPRAP. They are:**

 Freedom of: Speech

 P\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 R\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 and Petition

**ON THE FINAL YOU NEED TO DO BOTH FOR THIS SET AS WELL!** Name three phrases that we have discussed in class which are NOT specifically in the constitution, but through the courts, have become part of how we discuss and interpret the constitution.

1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Name the three original rights provided for in the original articles of the Constitution. (NOT something from the Bill of Rights, or the Declaration.)

1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­­3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The guarantee of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the 5th and 14th amendments, and of equal protection in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(what number?) amendment allows the Supreme Court to incorporate other constitutional rights when limiting state and local governments in their actions against citizens. This is called the

**Doctrine of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

***Possible* Bonii**:

1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Constitution makes it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ government!

2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Congress: they work for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

3) Who said, “I greatly fear that my countrymen will expect too much from me…”? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4) Supreme Court Justices – they wear \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ robes for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

5) Your mother is sending you $50. Do you want it to be a block grant or a categorical grant?

I want a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ grant, because they are more flexible. (What word goes in the blank?)

6) "I believe that our Constitution," Justice Black once said, "with its absolute guarantee of individual rights, is the best hope for the aspirations of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which men share everywhere." (Here’s a hint: Roosevelt and Rockwell described four of them.