GEOG 303 Homework Quiz #1

Mark “A” for True and “B” for False on your scantron.

1. Regions are part of a continuous two-way process in which people and places modify each other.  (True/ False)

2. One clear example of irredentism is
   a. Serbia’s claim to Serbians in Croatia  
   b. Kurdish agitation for independence from Turkey & Iraq  
   c. Quebec’s independence movement  
   d. Basque claims to Spanish territory

3. Frontier regions
   a. exist in law  
   b. evolve from circumstances  
   c. are homogeneous groupings of people  
   d. have weak boundaries

4. The Green Line refers to
   a. the boundary of North Korea and South Korea  
   b. the Basque region within Spain  
   c. Israel proper, which is now marked by a fence  
   d. the line of effective government in Iraq

5. Which of these is a frontier region because it lacks settlement & occupation?
   a. Amazon River Basin  
   b. Sahel of Africa  
   c. Islands of the South Pacific  
   d. Antarctica

6. Which of the following countries has the highest percentage of their population on-line?
   a. Chile  
   b. India  
   c. China  
   d. Finland  
   e. Spain

7. According to your textbook, an effective argument can be made that a global culture currently exists.  (True/ False)

8. Currently, the world has ____________ of languages, though some are endangered.
   a. 10,000  
   b. 5600  
   c. 6800  
   d. 30,000

9. In the next fifty years, six countries will account for half of the world’s population growth.  Which one of the following is NOT one of them?
   a. China  
   b. U.S.  
   c. Pakistan  
   d. Nigeria  
   e. India

10. Which of the following countries has an economy dependent on a non-fuel mineral?
    a. Canada  
    b. China  
    c. Bolivia  
    d. India

11. In economic geographic language, “North” means ________________ countries.
    a. poorer  
    b. democratic  
    c. totalitarian  
    d. more developed

12. Which of the following is currently a world city?
    a. Venice  
    b. Constantinople  
    c. Berlin  
    d. Antwerp

13. National currencies are currently compared on purchasing power parity, which is how much the currency can purchase locally.  (True/ False)

14. Both Ethiopia and Switzerland have access to the sea which has in turn increased their respective standards of living.  (True/ False)

15. The World Health Organization is an example of a/an
    a. NGO  
    b. IGO  
    c. HUGO  
    d. UNESCO
16. In the theory of “Jihad vs. McWorld”, Benjamin Barber argues that “jihad” represents
   a. a culture centered on religious fundamentalism and tribal allegiances.
   b. religious warfare or terrorism against the West.
   c. a culture centered on pop culture and materialism.
   d. a crusade to educate about and convert others to Islam.

17. Women who have access to education and employment tend to have fewer children. (True/False)

18. Immanuel Wallerstein called the interdependence of places and regions ________________.
   a. communism  b. a world-system  c. hegemony  d. the core

19. Development theory arose first because
   a. of a need to develop the resources of the oceans
   b. the periphery needed to overcome poverty
   c. of justifying the rebuilding of Europe
   d. a new theory needed to replace colonialism

20. The founder of continental drift theory was

21. At a convergent plate boundary, tectonic plates are
   a. moving away from each other
   b. moving toward each other
   c. moving along side one another
   d. remaining stationary

22. The study of landforms is called
   a. physical geography  b. Fung shui  c. geomorphology  d. ecology

23. The highest mountain in Africa is Mt. Kilimanjaro which is part of the

24. One of the times when the solar energy and heat is greatest at the equator is close to the

25. Convectional Precipitation is a result of
   a. constant warm temperatures at the equator
   b. a lack of trade winds at the equator
   c. the collision of air masses along a front
   d. air masses coming into contact with mountains

26. Trade winds climates are usually those with east-facing coasts. (True/False)

27. According to the theory of island biogeography, larger islands will be less diverse than small ones. (True/False)

28. The year without a summer was caused by
   a. the eruption of Krakatoa  b. Hurricane Andrew  c. global warming  d. The Tunguska Blast

29. The International Monetary Fund
   a. provides loans to governments
   b. sets regulations for world trade
   c. promotes a reduction in the government’s role
   d. is the world’s largest source of development assistance

30. The repercussions of European colonization included:
   a. boundaries which matched prior cultural boundaries
   b. the unification of environmental boundaries
   c. the re-shaping of core social institutions
   d. the re-enforcement of prior legal frameworks